

No. 9087 號七十八零千九第 日三十二月正年三十緒光 HONGKONG, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1891.

SHIPPING.	INTIMATIONS.	BANKS.	INTIMATIONS.	AUCTIONS.	INTIMATIONS.	NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
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WANTED.

FOR AN OUTPOST-A GENTLEMAN
Compensated to take Charge of the
INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT, on a daily basis.
Address, stating Salary, Qualifications, &c.,
c/o,
A. B.
Care of Victoria Hotel,
Hongkong, 15th February, 1887. [364]

PERSEVERANCE LODGE OF
HONGKONG,
No. 1185.

A REGULAR MEETING of the above
LODGE will be held in the Free-
masons' Hall, Zealand Street, on SATUR-
DAY, the 18th instant, at 8.30 by P.M.
Interested Brethren are cordially INVITED.
Hongkong, 15th February, 1887. [361]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions
from the Captain SUPERINTENDENT OF

Notice to Sell by Public Auction,
 TO-MORROW,
 the 16th February, 1887, 11 A.M., at the
 Central Sales Station,
**SUNDRY UNSERVICEABLE
 STORES, &c.**
 Comprising:—
 UNIFORMS, GREAT COATS, CAPES,
 HATS, BOOTS and SHOES, & CLOTHING.
 And
SUNDRY OTHER GOODS.
 TERMS OF SALE:—As Customer.
 J. M. ARMSTRONG,
 Govt. Auctioneer.
 Hongkong, 15th February, 1887. 13/2
**DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
 LIMITED.**

FOR AMOY AND TAIWANFOO.
 RAIME Company's Steamship

"FORMOSA."

Captain Harris, will be despatched for the above
 Ports TO-DAY, the 15th instant, at THREE
 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
 DOUGLAS LAFLAICH & Co.,
 General Managers.
 Hongkong, 14th February, 1887. [357]

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
 LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY, AND FOOCHOW.
 RAIME Company's Steamship

"NAMO A."

Captain Percock, will be despatched for the
above Ports TO-MORROW, the 16th instant,
at DAYLIGHT.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS & LAZARUS & Co.,
General Managers,
Hongkong, 11th February, 1857. 3/6
FOR BANGKOK DIRECT.

THE SCOTCHISH ORIENTAL STEAM-
SHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.
The Company's Steamer
"KONG BENG,"
Captain F. W. Phillips, will be despatched for
the above PORT TO-MORROW, the 16th
instant, at Two P.M.
For Freight or Passage, apply to

For Freight or Passage apply to
YUEN FAT HONG.
 Agents.
 Hongkong, 14th February, 1887. [350]
FOR SHANGHAI.
THE Steamship
"YANGTSE."
 Captain T. Schultz, will be despatched for the
 above Port **TOMORROW**, the 14th inst.,
 at Four P.M.
 For Freight or Passage, apply to
SIMONSEN & Co.
 Hongkong, 15th February, 1887. [363]
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN Lloyd's
STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG,

COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, SUEZ,
PORT SAID, CHINDISI, & TRISTE.
(Taking Cargo at through rate to Calcutta,
Madras, Pussak Sulp, Black Sea,
Levant & Adriatic Ports).
THE Company's Steamship
"TRISTE"
Captain L. Lemesch, will be despatched as
above on the 22nd February, 1887, at Noon.
For Further Particulars regarding Freight
and Passages apply to the Agency of the Com-
pany, Praya Central.

O. BACHRACH,
Agent.

Hongkong, 14th February, 1887.

FOR SAIGON.

THE Steamship

"DEUTEROS."
 Captain Lathjens, will be despatched for the
 above Port on WEDNESDAY, the 23rd inst.
 For Freight or Passage apply to
 SOY SHING
 No. 94, Bonham Strand.
 Hongkong, 15th January, 1887.

UNION LINE.
 NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
 FROM NEW YORK AND SINGAPORE
 TO THE Steamship
 "DEVONSHIRE."
 Captain A. Purvis, having arrived from the above
 Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby re

requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the
 Undersigned for countersignature and to take
 immediate delivery of their Goods from along
 side.
 Cargo impeding the discharge of the steamer
 will be at once landed and stored at Consignees
 risk and expense and no Fire Insurance will be
 effected.
 All claims against the steamer must be pre-
 sented to the undersigned on or before the 21st
 inst., or they will not be recognized.
 RUSSELL & Co.,
 Agents.
 Hongkong, 14th February, 1887.

WHITE SPANIEL PUP. The Finder
 will be rewarded if necessary on returning him
 to Office of this Paper.
 Hongkong, 14th February, 1887. [34]

LUSITANO CLUB.
TO-MORROW,
 the 16th February, 1887, at 9 P.M.,
MUSICAL CONCERT will be given by
 the
AMATEUR PUPILS
 of
MAESTRO CATTANEO, for the benefit of the
ORPHANS OF THE ITALIAN CONSUL.
 Admission Not under One Dollar.

Tickets may be obtained at the **LUSITANO CLUB**, from **SATUBRAX** till 12th inst. from

10 A.M., and from MARSHES CAITANEZ from this date, at No. 2, Beconside Arcade.
 Hongkong, 14th February, 1887. (32)

WANTED.

A FAMILY RESIDENCE of 5 or 6 Rooms
 DETACHED HOUSE, with Immediate
 Possession or Later.

Address, Z.
 Care of Daily Press Office
 Hongkong, 6th January, 1887.

R. VESSELS ON THE BERTH.

FOR VICTORIA, B.C.
THE 3/4 A. I. I. American Bark
"ESCOIT"
Captain Waterhouse will load here for the
Port and will have quick despatch.
For Freight, apply to
GONSALVES & Co.
Hongkong, 8th February, 1887.

FOR HONOLULU.
THE 3/4 A. I. I. American Barkentine
"HATTIE N. BANGS."
Captain Bangs will load here for the ab-
oard and will have quick despatch.
For Freight, apply to
GONSALVES & Co.
Hongkong, 8th February, 1887.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
"101" British Ship
"NHILDA."
Captain Russell will load here for the ab-
oard and will have quick despatch.
For Freight, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, 10th January, 1887.
FOR PORTLAND (OREGON).

THE 3/3 L II. Am. Bark
 "COLOMA,"
 C. M. Noyes, Master, will load here and
 have quick despatch.
 For Freight, apply to
 Hongkong, 21st December, 1880.

THE 3/3 L II American Bark
 "EDWARD KIDDER,"
 Griffin Master, will load here for the al
 Port, and will have quick despatch.
 For Freight, apply to
 Hongkong, 20th January, 1887.

THE 3/3 L II German Bark
 "ANNIE,"
 Kröncke, Master, will load here for the
 Port, and will have quick despatch.
 For Freight, apply to
 Hongkong, 20th January, 1887.

MAILED AT SINGAPORE
THROUGH PRINCIPAL
 For a
 Steamship
 with
 and
 Hill Noon
 at 4 P.M.
 on the 20th of
 (S. S. Co.'s Office),
 required.
 Amundson

Singapore on the morning of the 19th, and here on the 19th inst.

The Glos. Line steamer *Glenavoy* left Singapore on the 19th, and is due here on the instant.

The O. S. S. Co.'s steamer *Tylden* left Singapore on the 18th, and is due here on the instant.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's steamer *Reza* left Singapore on the morning of the 18th, and is due here on the 20th instant.

The F. & A. S. S. Co.'s steamer *Ontario* left Port Darwin on the 11th, and is due here on the 21st instant.

POST-OFFICE NOTICES.

When Correspondence has been mis-sent, (both of which are liable to be delayed), please inform the addressess need do note on the cover, *Sent to _____, on _____ at _____ p.m., or as the case may be, and forward without any other writing whatever, to _____ Postmaster-General.* This should be acted the first time occurrence of complaint occurs; mistake to let such misdirected pass for giving trouble, a course which generally is more trouble in the end.

LOCAL DELIVERY.—No delivery is attended

on board ship, at the residence of the person to whom the letter is addressed, when there is a place which delivery can be made.

Since the year 1856, revised to the year 1860, the *Daily Press* edition will be found in the *Daily Press* edition, p. 288 large edition, p. 701 small edition. It is the only authorised edition. The Postal information published in Hongkong.

2. The authorised List of Mails in connection with this paper is the one published each day in our Extra, which is corrected to a much later hour than that below.

A MAIL WILL CLOSE, FOR HAWAII.—Per *Naples*, to day, the

HOURS FOR CLOSING THE CENTRAL MAIL.

For Yokohama.—*Per Johanna*, to-day, instant, at 9.30 A.M.
For Port Darwin, Sydney, and Melbourne.—*Per Taitupu*, to-day, the 15th inst., at 11.30 P.M.
For Hongkong, Shanghai, and Taiwan.—*Per Fook-to-day*, the 15th inst., at 2.30 P.M.
For Shanghai.—*Per Kung-pang*, to-day, the 15th inst., at 2.30 P.M.
For Saigon.—*Per Alinee Eyed*, to-day, instant, at 2.30 P.M.
For Swatow, Amoy, and Foochow.—*Namoo*, to-day, the 15th inst., at 5.00 P.M.
For Bangkok.—*Per Kong Beng*, to-morrow the 16th inst., at 11.30 P.M.
For Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama.—*Tekera*, on Thursday, the 17th inst., at 5.30 P.M.
For Port Darwin, Thursday Island, Cape Town, Capricorn, Brisbane, Sydney, Melbourne, and Adelaide.—*Per Tanradio*, on Saturday, the 19th inst., at 4.30 P.M.

HOURS FOR CLOSING THE CENTRAL MAIL.

THE ENGLISH MAIL.

The following hours are observed in the
Mails, &c., by the British Contract Packet
Day of Departure.

NOON.—Money Order closes.
2.00 P.M.—Mailing of Letters closes.
2.30 P.M.—Mailing of Manuscripts and patterns
closes.
3.00 P.M.—Mails closed, except for Late Let-
ters.
3.10 P.M.—Letters may be posted with lat-
er of 10 cents until
3.30 P.M.—when the Post Office closes until
3.40 P.M.—Late Letters may be posted on
the packet with late fee of 10 cents,
time of departure.

MAILS BY THE FRENCH PACKET
The French Contract Packet leaves on the 22nd, in

despatched 10 A.M. for the United Kingdom, Europe, and places beyond, *via Naples*; to the Straits Settlements, Batavia, Purnam, Hong Kong, the Australasian Colonies, Penang, Malacca, Aden, Mauritius, Egypt, Malta, Gibraltar.

The usual hours will be observed in the Mails, &c.

MAILS BY THE UNITED STATES PACKET.

The United States Mail Packet, *Belgian*, will be despatched on SATURDAY, 11th inst., with Mails for Japan, San Francisco, the Sandwich Islands, the Hawaiian Islands, the United States, Canada, Honolulu, Peru, &c., which will be closed as follows—

2.15 P.M. Registry closes.
2.45 P.M. Passages closes, but Correspondence

may be posted on board the Packet
Late Fee of 10 cents extra Postage
the time of departure.
The Post Office declines all responsibility
Unregistered Letters containing Bank
Coin, or Jewellery, and where Registration
were neglected, will make no enquiries
alleged losses of such letters.

Printed and Published by R. GUARREDO & WIL
Wyndham Street, Hongkong.

The letter addressed to *The Times* by the
 Lord of CANNINGTON on the defence of the

BOTH LORD CARNARVON and SIR ANDREW CLARKE award high praise to Hongkong and Singapore for the large sums contributed by them towards their respective defences, and the noble Lord remarks that "the Imperial contribution of such a large sum was altogether new." We are not aware that any of the long promised heavy breech-loading ordnance, here arrived in this colony, and we hope LORD CARNARVON does not imagine that, because a few very ordinary muzzle-loading guns of comparatively obsolete type have been despatched to the Hongkong fortifications, that the Government are neglecting the rest of their armament. Should he entertain that erroneous belief, he will not be greatly surprised to learn of the mistake judging from the following very frank admission when referring to the agreement between the Imperial Government and the Crown Colonies in the question of the defence of the Colonies:—"The Government is that they should provide the works and that the Home Government should furnish the armaments, and it generally happens that the Government is the last to complete its part of the bargain." Unfortunately this is only too true, and not only in regard to the defence of the Colonies, but also in regard to the coaling stations. As we have shown above, the necessity for the fortifications has been admitted, and some progress at least has been made towards their provision. The necessity for increasing the garrisons has also been demonstrated and admitted, though the facts have so far not been quite so fully admitted. The authorities at home that to properly man the fortifications and efficiently protect this Colony these more regiments and two batteries of Artillery ought to be sent out. That the garrison will be reinforced eventually there is no reason to doubt, but the question whether the Government will do so in time to give the House of Lords plainly to understand, during a discussion on the report of the Royal Commission on the Imperial Defences, that he was not in a position to deny that we had not the means at the Empire's present disposal to garrison the coaling stations in war, even if defensive wars for the present were to be excluded, is one concerning that the "vital necessity" for defending these stations is admitted on all hands, it becomes the special duty of the War Office to raise fresh troops for the purpose. It is not necessary that all the soldiers employed to garrison the coaling stations should be drawn from the British Islands, and it is not probable that the Government material in India, and one or two more regiments might well be enlisted in the West Indies for service in Ceylon, Mauritius, Singapore, and Hongkong. There ought to be no lack of men, and as for the expense, that is an item which might easily be met by a loan, or by a portion of some of the advances against which the late Chancellor of the Exchequer intended to commence a crusade. That economy should reign in the departments, and reductions be made when possible, must be the desire of the British taxpayer, but he surely will not be inclined to insist that the Government should not have an assurance on the foreign commerce of the empire—a commerce which is the foundation of its wealth and power, which is in fact its very life.

Hon. C. P. CHATER has taken the initia-

new worlds to the form of the celebration must not be out of place here. In India the celebration is to take place during the hot and cool season. In England it will be probably in June; it was understood that the Emperor's Majesty's visit to the place before. Presumably it had been planned that the fixing of an earlier date in India would not be regarded with disfavour by Her Majesty. The reason, of course, that the summer would be a very unsuitable season in which to hold festivities on a scale in India, besides which, the celebration would be held in the presence of a great deal of its magnificence had been taken place during the absence of the Regent Court, which during the hot season draws a home at Simla. There are drawings in Hongkong also to the holding of the celebration in the summer, though the possibility of the Emperor's Majesty's choice of the place seems to be a matter of Holston's choice.

It is too late to do anything during the present winter, and there are very obvious objections to deferring the celebration until winter. While we are glad to believe there is little or no ground for the sensational telegram which appeared in the press, it is not possible to ignore the possibility to the state of Her Majesty's health, that there is every probability of the same being still occupied for many years by

gkong is really very deeply indebted
ways than one to the promoters of t

gion is really very deeply indebted to those who have been the promoters of the enterprise for supplying St. John's Cathedral with a new organ. It has to thank them for the gift of a fine and valuable instrument, which is St. John's and also to acknowledge the inauguration of two novel and agreeable forms of entertainment. The new organ is a masterpiece of workmanship, and is well adapted for a great many years, even to the latest of the twentieth century. It is a fine and beautiful instrument, and it is well adapted to the service of the church. The Committee have no doubt that the new organ will be a great asset to the church, and will be a great help to the choir. The new organ is a fine and beautiful instrument, and it is well adapted to the service of the church. The Committee have no doubt that the new organ will be a great asset to the church, and will be a great help to the choir.

[illegible][illegible]

to be all concerned that it should be an important one. The tent was a large affair made by the yard, and amid a shower of plants and flowers there is a placard insinuating that somebody's "straight out" can be purchased there. The few representatives of the Romanians were the only ones in the place in a Roman form in which it is commonly connected. In an inner sustana, which represents a gypsy's tent, sits the sdybl, who reads the omens in the palm of the hand, and writes in a paper of fables to the curious for a small consideration. The sdybls are the only persons of the gypsies who are assistants in vending machines, and sell pocket knives and Bohemian wares of art. One of the stalls there is a wheel of fortune with all prizes and no blanks "which is an ancient machine that has been used by the gypsies, and is now used by the Whites. In the same room there is another cottage, where is dispensed tea, confectionery, and various kinds of light refreshment. The only life in the room adjoining the stalls is a bar for the sale of liquors of a more decent character. All the ladies who attend these stalls are in fancy dresses—Russians, Armenians, Egyptians, Danes of the Caucasus, and the like. They are representatives of the various nations. Without superfluities, ladies in the last century, &c. The effect of these stalls and the variety of the wares is charming, and the atmosphere of the Village is very pleasant. The stalls are full of visitors, and was one of the most animated spectacles the building ever contained. The stallkeepers were most energetic and pushing, and contrived to dispose

various shops in the Village—*Glass and*
Antique Store—*Mrs. Brooke, Mrs. Morant,*
Mr. Parker, Mrs. Lynne, Mrs. Moore,
Mr. Tanner, Mrs. Lammont, and Miss
Wainwright; Toy and Fancy Stall—*Mrs. Adams,*
Stofferfort, Mrs. Gower, and Miss Hus-
band; Flower Stall—*Mrs. Briggs, Mrs.*
Smith, Mrs. Gies, Mrs. Holworthy, and
Miss Pearson; Fancy Stall—*Mrs. Walter, Mrs.*
Witch, Mrs. Whitall, and Miss Hubbard; Waxed
Footen—*Miss Thomsen, Mrs. Briggs, and*
Miss Peterson; Refreshment—*Mrs. Dawson,*
Miss Withers and Miss Royal; Refreshment
Stall—*Mrs. Storer, Mrs. Ellis, Miss Just,*
Mrs. Becker, Mrs. Hanschild, Miss Herbst, Miss
Thomsen, Miss L. Lobb, and Miss W. Ham-
mond.

The *St. Andrew's Hall* was used for the
concert, which was on view every hour. It
all seated out, and the panorama was
displayed on a large canvas, which was
over 1,000 feet of canvas, which is wound
on rollers in the unit way, and the representa-
tions are generally assisted by a large number of
mechanical figures, and the lecturer, who was
in full with his work was frequently ap-
plauded. The stupendous performance on Friday

[illegible][illegible]

topical songs are very much in vogue. Why they league the South is descending to the level of John Galsworthy on the wealth possessed by the East, and the Tulpain asks if she has got an answer, to reply—

Of course, and Whampoa Docks
on Goshaw, and fifty other stocks,
on Insurance Co., China Fire, Gas,
Traders', China Suez, Rope Works, and other
things, or two Sincere, which we clearly like
best, and the Tulpain would stream enough the dividend
would.

Swire Hotel Co., Scrip both new and old;
and the same Luna Sincere, but very rare;
China Works, and The Works, and Indo-China
of the Dairy Farm she fairly took the
van.

And all her family stores, but had a narrow
margin, and she was in the pinky line that's climbing up
the rocky slopes of Pungson, and means to enter
the market.

And she seeks an outlet for her still superabundant
Tulpain's stock is also fairly good.

[illegible]

keep my name in the public eye
To try if they be true,
I posed in the hall of the E. A. S. Club
As a genuine all round man,
Chairman of thirteen companies
They ——— my remarks with cheers;
An arena ——— of the Fire Brigade,
As ——— of Volunteers.
— the Hon. &c.

fact. I make a show where'er
I think that brass and buncie'll
keep their mark; and therefore I am
To the House of Commons I am
carry their souls with question's there,
And have my hopes that soon
join the British Peerage, as
The Marquis of Kowloon.

[illegible]

Affonso's Gueum's place was filled by an "acting man" of sorts;
by Innoué and Afflorastation terms he roved
the cheering towns.
Flowers of rhetoric played the Barch, where an
"acting man" was,
and the Chief was trying in vain to quench a fire
Ting-ping-han.

Chief Inspector ruled the roost at the B' A'
Revenue Bureau;
In the Chief Collector lived in vain the B' A'
to record.
Colonel Trenchard tarsoed his mind to Ting B'
and Typophone;
The Chief went the mail away on Tues-
afternoons.

There were "acting" men doing other men's work
at 14 pesos per mure;
but all agree, that they could, and the best
could do no more;
all come right in the end, I thought, mean-
ing that all agree,
which demands a "acting" man, there
chance for the demand.
The original airs in the burgles was
expressed by Mr. J. Orange.
The burgles was well performed through-
out, and from first to last it was rope
with grandest things of people.

[illegible]

A meeting of the Hongkong Legislative Council was held on the 11th inst. There was

A meeting of the Hongkong Legislative Council was held on the 11th inst. There was present:-

Hon. Sir GEORGE PHILLIPPO, Chief Justice.
HON. F. STEWART, Acting Colonial Secretary.
HON. E. A. CROFT, Acting Attorney-General.
HON. H. M. PRICE, Surveyor-General.
HON. H. G. THOMSETT, Harbour Master.
HON. P. RYMS.
HON. WONG SHING.
HON. A. P. MACFARLAN.
HON. J. BULLOCK.
HON. C. CAMERON.
HON. C. SETH, Clerk of Councils.

In the absence of His Excellency the Acting Governor, owing to illness, the Chief Justice presided.

MINUTES.
The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

FINANCE.

The Acting Colonial Secretary laid the table a financial minute by the Acting Treasurer recommending the Council to vote a sum of \$816 to defray the expenses of collecting village taxes and squatters' fees by the Treasurer.

The minute stated that this service, which has hitherto been performed by the Registrar-General's department, is now to be carried on by the Treasury.

The sum of \$413 will be saved in the Registrar-General's department, and is to be for a transfer vote. The remaining \$203 is additional sum required.

THE CELEBRATION OF THE QUEEN'S JUBILEE.

THE HON. C. P. CHATER.—Sir, the question about to ask, though neither of importance, nor materially affecting the interests of the colony, touches upon a subject which at present moment, is appealing to the loyal feelings of millions of Her Majesty's subjects over the world. This year Her Most Gracious Majesty celebrates the 50th anniversary of her accession to the throne of that great empire, Government of which she has so ably administered; and throughout her vast dominions rejoicing are to be the order of the day. And here I feel, that it is the duty of every one of us, as subjects of whatever race, to say many words of congratulation to our Sovereign, and to our Motherland.

to celebrate in one of a more exalted and exceptional and gratifying nature. This color does not desire to be behindhand in anything [Hon. L. Ryner—hear, hear]—more especially a matter of this sort; and assuming, as I do, six years ago, to have been a member of this Council, your reply to my question will be in the affirmative. I will venture to take up the valuable time of this Council for a few moments while I offer suggestions as to the manner in which our publications may be applied in commemorating Majesty's jubilee year. The legal feelings of this community are well known to every student here, and most of us have already seen the hasty and eager manner in which, not the foreign community, but also the entire population, have come forward on previous occasions, to contribute a vast number of contributions

tion to collaborate on other projects, and then the Royal Family upon their shore, and then no doubt this occasion will again cause a display of that eagerness to loosen the purse strings for which I think this country is famous though but a very small one, is second to none in the world. But whatever the loyalty of our individuals may prompt them to do—whether they choose to give a ball on a grand scale or a banquet, whether to illuminate their houses or have a display of fireworks—I do not think the Government should spend the public funds in conventional cracker firing; this may well be left to the enthusiasm of private individuals. But I think the Government ought to do something more constructive, something.

more permanent satisfaction. In fact, I am inclined to believe, basing, indeed, something that should be a great deal more commensurate in nature, and which will hereafter be substantial benefit to the whole colony. In considering this question I have been puzzled, confessing, in arriving at some idea of a suitable plan for the education to assume. We already maintain considerably enlarged our Hospital, and we have just recently built have almost ready for occupation, and a hospital for the treatment of natives, and I have been asked by one of our residents, or rather unsolicited by him in its funds. We have a principal school in Hongkong rapidly blossoming into the Victoria College. But there is a large number of children, and of whom

great deal has lately been heard, though it is not as yet taken any definite form. Our people in the little valley of Wong Nei Cheong, so much adapted by nature for a park, is untouched, so far as the central portion of the enclosure, though some two years ago George Bowen turned the first and proposed Park, and actually obtained a vote of \$25,000 to carry out the excellent scheme of the able Surveyor-General. Beyond this, however, nothing has yet been done. Do you not think that this is a fitting opportunity for pushing on this much needed park, and naming it, after her most Gracious Majesty Victoria Park? I think we shall not only revive the sanction of Her Majesty to encourage the people to visit the park.

park after her name, but she will heartily approve of our idea of commemorating the 100 year of her reign in a manner so benevolent to all the residents of her densely populated little colony of Hongkong. Those remarks I put my amended question thus:—As there is a general desire on part of the Community of Hongkong to celebrate Her Majesty's Jubilee year in a fit and appropriate manner, I wish to ask whether the Government would co-operate in any movement made by the public for that purpose?

THE PRESIDENT.—In answer to the question of the hon. member I am requested by His Excellency the Acting Governor, who is unfortunately unavoidably prevented from

present with us to-day, to say that the Government is prepared to co-operate with the people of Hongkong in celebrating Her Majesty's Jubilee in a manner befitting the occasion, and is ready to take into consideration any definite proposal on the subject that may be made to it in accordance with the wishes of the community, and that His Excellency considers that any steps that may be taken on this object would no doubt be more fully appreciated by Her Most Gracious Majesty if they were the spontaneous result of the loyal community of Hongkong, and that for this reason the Government has not yet moved in the matter, although the subject has been under its consideration. This seems to be the view that has

taken of the matter by the Home Government as I find that in Parliament a somewhat similar question was asked and a similar answer was given by the Chancellor of the Exchequer. Lawson for Mr. Shirley is reported to have the Chancellor of the Exchequer—

Whether it was the intention of the Government to shut the year of How Much, a session to the... the appropriate celebration by a national... was a great pleasure and satisfaction to all subjects; and, if, whether he could state if the Government considered the manner in which such celebration would suit the place; and whether the attendance had been drawn to the recent suggestion of the President in a scientific exhibition.

follows :—

Of course, it would be a matter of great interest to Majesty's Government that the Jubilee year of Her Majesty's reign should be marked by appropriate celebration, and of course the Government will consider any question as far as lies in their power as to doing so. Celebrations of this kind will probably increase in value so far as they arise from the spontaneous action of the people.

ORCHARD ROAD, NO. 2, ON 1875

The Acting ATTORNEY-GENERAL moved second reading of a Bill entitled *An Ordinance to remove doubts as to the application of Ordinance No. 2 of 1875 to Chinese women*. The Bill is an Ordinance passed for the better protection of women and the repression of abuses in relation to Chinese emigration. The title is "An Ordinance to remove doubts as to the application of Ordinance No. 2 of 1875 to Chinese women and female children." The preamble reads: "Whereas it is expedient to make better provision for the punishment of Chinese women and female children who come to Hong Kong, or lawfully detain the Chinese women and female children for the purpose of prostitution and of leaving Chinese territory to go to any other place, and whereas the Ordinance (No. 2 of 1875) entitled 'Chinese' and 'Any woman or female child in all the act speak with as an informed man' is being introduced into the colony other than Chinese women have to be punished a double liability on account of the Chinese women and female children, it is hereby enacted that this Ordinance can be made apply and extend to all cases against other than Chinese women. My hon. friend opposed the Bill, saying that it was not probable that any Chinese women had doubts on this point, but he admitted that it was a rather serious immigration in respect of Chinese women, and that it was a matter of public interest, therefore he moved the second reading of the Bill.

The ACTING COLONIAL SECRETARY.—I do not move it, and I have great pleasure in doing so. It is exceedingly unnecessary we should move all doubts on this subject. Before I go to the Colonial Secretary's office I found there is an Annamite girl was increasing rapidly and the hardship those poor girls are subjected to is really very distressing. The French consul was exceedingly good, and I know that frequently out of his own pocket he paid their expenses; but the traffic is increasing rapidly and if something is not done to put a stop to it will become a serious matter.

The Bill was read a second time.

THE ADAMS BILL

The Council went into Committee. The bill entitled "A bill to regulate the carrying and possession of arms."

Sections 4 and 7 were struck out on the motion of the ACTING ATTORNEY-GENERAL, who stated that the matters to which they would be dealt with in two Ordinances under the consideration of the Law Revision Committee.

In section 3, which provides that all persons desirous of arms shall register them and pay an annual fee of \$10.

Hon. P. RAYMOND said that the amount payable would be reduced from \$10 to \$5. He thought \$10 was rather too high.

The ACTING ATTORNEY-GENERAL said that the bill was to get the

of the reason or usefulness of any of all impurities of waters in camps. It was not sought to make a compromise out of it. If the Council thought \$10 too much, it would be no objection on the part of the government to reduce the amount.

Hon. C. P. HATCH said he had much sense in recommending the notion that the forest should be sold.

The motion was carried.

The CHAIRMAN said that it would only be more convenient to persons to register at the Registrar-General's office than to go up the hill to the Central Police Station.

The SURVIVOR-GENERAL—But as it policy purposes, why not register at the Station?

The CHIEF JUSTICE said the Police Commissioner furnished with a list of those who registered the parties concerned could register more conveniently in Queen's park.

The SHERIFF-GENERAL. It seems only a surmountable way of doing this.

It was ordered that the clause stand over for further consideration.

On section 12, which provides that a trade may issue warrants to search for arms.

Hon. WONG SHING said that all the Chinese pawnshop said swords, not for sale but for collection. He wished to know if they would require a licence.

Hon. P. KYUNG—Most people keep arms in an old costume. I have a very ancient set

arm myself.

THE PRESIDENT.—Everybody who keeps arms will have to take out a license.

THE SURVEYOR-GENERAL.—This only to dealers, does it not?

THE PRESIDENT.—No; everybody in possession of arms will have to take out a license.

HON. A. P. MACLEWEN.—Would that mean any one keeping a gun for shooting purposes a pistol? Would you have to take out a license for that?

THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.—Yes; we will confine it to Chinese or Asiatics, but thought only just that it should apply to everybody.

THE PRESIDENT.—The Governor in

will be inundated with applications for licences. A. P. MacEwan, S. I. T. Attorney-General will send his way to make alteration in this cause with reference to individuals who possess a gun or pistol very unnecessary. It is very similar to in India, where you cannot take a lion in the plain without some registration, but in British colony it is very unnecessary. The ACTING ATTORNEY-GENERAL very necessary, sir we should have an Or regulating the carrying of arms. O night before last an armed band was seen in possession of opium, and in court session we have had cases of persons with very dangerous weapons. It is

Ordinance is necessary it is very
difficult to make it apply to only one
case. I will take note of Mr. Mac
donald, and if it is possible to make
this Ordinance I will do so. But if my
view has been already considered in the
Council and reversed, how- We had no
time to make it general, but it was
necessary to do so.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY said it was
a priori would have to take out a
Bill.

The clause was ordered to stand over
for consideration.

HON. P. RYMER said he was perhaps
out of order, but there was another Ordinance

thought should be introduced to, and that Ordinance about shooting game. The Association having collapsed, very misera- bly was going to pay \$100 a year to shoot; this island? He thought that Ordinance not remain on our statute book.

The remaining clauses to the Bill were with technical amendments.

THE CATTLE AND MARKETS BILL.

THE ACTING ATTORNEY-GENERAL, in order to go into committee on the Cattle and Markets Bill, said:—he second reading Bill took place as far back as November 1890, and the Bill was then considered by the Sanitary Board requested consideration should be postponed, and they have in- mitted to the Government a revised In-

which is consolidation of the other Ordinances and also some new matter. There is some difference really, but the articles are arranged differently, and I think instead of giving the present Ordinances it would be better to withdraw it altogether and banish the Ordinances which has been submitted by private Board.

THE PRESIDENT.—Do you propose to start this to-day?

THE ACTING ATTORNEY-GENERAL.—Not quite ready.

POSTPONEMENT OF BUSINESS.

THE ACTING ATTORNEY-GENERAL.—That the House should order to go into Committee on the Bill and the Bill protection of young girls—has occurred reference to the latter lady he said he would

